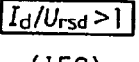
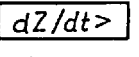
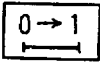
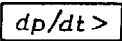


II.11.4 Various Relays (Continued)

No.	Name	Graphical symbol		Description
		Series 1	Series 2	
II.11.4.32	Directional short-circuit relay	 (IEC)	(a)  (b) 	Symbol of series 1 denotes an overcurrent relay operated by energy flow away from a busbar.
II.11.4.33	Directional ground-fault relay	 (IEC)	(a)  (b) 	Symbol of series 1 denotes a ground-fault overcurrent relay operated by energy flow away from a busbar.
II.11.4.34	Short-circuit selection relay	 (IEC)	(a)  (b) 	
II.11.4.35	Ground-fault selection relay	 (IEC)	(a)  (b) 	
II.11.4.36	Step-out relay	 (IEC)		Symbol of series 1 denotes a relay which utilizes a method of detecting the variation of impedance viewed from the relay.
II.11.4.37	Frequency relay	 (IEC)		①
II.11.4.38	Time limit relay	 (IEC)	(a)  (b) 	
II.11.4.39	Auxiliary relay		(a)  (b) 	
II.11.4.40	Blocking relay			

II.11.4 Various Relays (Continued)

No.	Name	Graphical symbol		Description
		Series 1	Series 2	
II.11.4.41	Synchro- nizing relay			Synchronization detecting relay is included.
II.11.4.42	Polarity relay			
II.11.4.43	Auto- reclose relay	 07-18-02	(a)  (b) 	
II.11.4.44	Flicker relay			
II.11.4.45	Fault indicator		 —	
II.11.4.46	Temperature relay	 (IEC)		
II.11.4.47	Pressure relay	 (IEC)		1. In series 1, p is written in small letter. 2. Following graphical symbol may be used in series 2: vacuum relay 
II.11.4.48	Shock pressure relay	 (IEC)		

II.11.4 Various Relays (Continued)

No.	Name	Graphical symbol		Description
		Series 1	Series 2	
II.11.4.49	Flow relay	 (IEC)		In series 2, the following graphical symbols may be used according to the kind of fluid: Oil-flow relay  Water-flow relay 
II.11.4.50	Gas-flow relay	 (IEC)		
II.11.4.51	Position relay	 (IEC)		Symbol of series 1 denotes a liquid level relay.
II.11.4.52	Velocity relay	 (IEC)		In series 1, v is written in a small letter.
II.11.4.53	Buchholtz relay	 07-18-01		
II.11.4.54	Carrier relay (carrier relay system)			
II.11.4.55	Carrier receiving relay			
II.11.4.56	Directional comparison carrier relay			

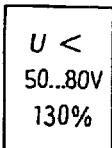
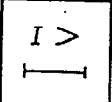
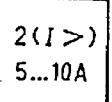
II.11.4 Various Relays (Continued)

No.	Name	Graphical symbol		Description
		Series 1	Series 2	
II.11.4.57	Phase comparison carrier relay		$\boxed{Cr\Phi}$	
II.11.4.58	Transfer-tripping carrier relay		$\boxed{C-TT}$	
II.11.4.59	Pilot-wire relay (Pilot-wire relay system)		$\boxed{Pw}$	
II.11.4.60	Directional-comparison pilot-wire relay		$\boxed{PwD}$	
II.11.4.61	Differential pilot-wire relay		$\boxed{PwDf}$	
II.11.4.62	Transfer-tripping pilot-wire relay		$\boxed{PwTT}$	
II.11.4.63	Pilot-wire monitoring relay		$\boxed{PwMo}$	
II.11.4.64	Microwave relay (microwave carrier relay system)		$\boxed{M}$	
II.11.4.65	Directional-comparison microwave relay		$\boxed{MD}$	②

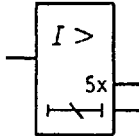
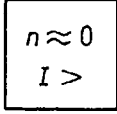
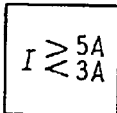
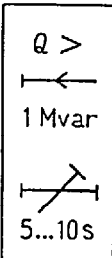
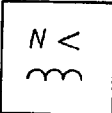
II.11.4 Various Relays (Continued)

No.	Name	Graphical symbol		Description
		Series 1	Series 2	
II.11.4.66	Phase-comparison microwave relay			②
II.11.4.67	Transfer-tripping microwave relay			②
II.11.4.68	Transfer-tripping relay			②
II.11.4.69	Optical transmission relay (Optical transmission system)			

II.11.5 Examples of Relay Function Combination (Series 1)

No.	Name	Graphical symbol		Description
		Series 1	Series 2	
II.11.5.1	Under-voltage relay	 07-17-07		An example of: Setting range 50 to 80 V, Resetting ratio 130 %
II.11.5.2	Over-current relay	 07-17-04		Time-lag type is exemplified.
II.11.5.3		 07-17-05		A relay with two current elements and a setting range from 5 to 10 A is exemplified.

II.11.5 Examples of Relay Function Combination (Series 1) (Continued)

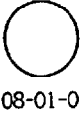
No.	Name	Graphical symbol		Description
		Series 1	Series 2	
II.11.5.4	Over-current relay (continued)	 07-17-14		A relay with two outputs, one active at current above five times the setting value, the other with inverse time-lag characteristic is exemplified.
II.11.5.5		 07-17-13		Locked-rotor detection relay operating by current sensing is exemplified.
II.11.5.6	Over and under current relay	 07-17-08		A relay operating above 5 A and below 3 A is exemplified.
II.11.5.7		 07-17-06		A relay in which, energy flow is towards busbar, operation is at reactive power 1 Mvar and time-lag is adjustable from 5 to 10 s, is exemplified.
II.11.5.8	Interturn short-circuit relay	 07-17-10		A relay detecting interturn short-circuits is exemplified.

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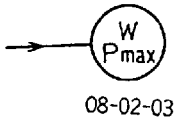
II.12 Measuring Instrument

- (1) Letter T is prefixed to the symbol for totalizing type.
- (2) Letter Pt is prefixed to the symbol for printing type.
- (3) Letter M is prefixed to the symbol for instruments which can indicate the maximum and minimum values.

II.12.1 Indicating Instrument

No.	Name	Graphical symbol	Description
II.12.1.1	Indicating instrument (general)		1. See I.2.5.1 (indicating instrument). 2. Letter or graphical symbol which indicates the kind of instrument is entered in . 3. Identification of a.c. or d.c., if necessary, is done as follows: D.C.  A.C.  4. Deflection of pointer, if necessary, is indicated as follows: When deflection is on one side  When deflection is on both sides 
II.12.1.2	Voltmeter		
II.12.1.3	Ammeter		

II.12.1 Indicating Instrument (Continued)

No.	Name	Graphical symbol	Description
II.12.1.4	Ohm meter		
II.12.1.5	High-low voltmeter		
II.12.1.6	Watt-meter		
II.12.1.7	Totalizing wattmeter		
II.12.1.8	Maximum demand wattmeter		1. A type actuated by an integrating meter is shown. 2. Meters which utilize an operating principle other than the mentioned above is expressed as . 3. In the case of maximum demand ammeter (including meters with maximum and minimum indicators),  is used.
II.12.1.9	Varmeter		
II.12.1.10	Power-factor meter		

II.12.1 Indicating Instrument (Continued)

No.	Name	Graphical symbol	Description
II.12.1.11	Reactive-factor meter		
II.12.1.12	Frequency meter	 08-02-07	
II.12.1.13	Velocity meter	 (IEC)	v is written in a small letter.
II.12.1.14	Tachometer	 08-02-15	
II.12.1.15	Position indicator		
II.12.1.16	Water level indicator	 (IEC)	
II.12.1.17	Ground detector		
II.12.1.18	Voltage detector		Luminous voltage detector is included.

II.12.1 Indicating Instrument (Continued)

No.	Name	Graphical symbol	Description
II.12.1.19	Galvano-meter	 08-02-12	
II.12.1.20	Distribu- tion line fault section indicator		
II.12.1.21	Synchro- scope	 08-02-08	
II.12.1.22	Thermo- meter	 08-02-14	θ may be replaced by t°.
II.12.1.23	Phase meter	 08-02-06	
II.12.1.24	Maximum- minimum voltmeter or maximum voltmeter		
II.12.1.25	Maximum ammeter		

II.12.1 Indicating Instrument (Continued)

No.	Name	Graphical symbol	Description
II.12.1.26	Zero-phase-sequence voltmeter		
II.12.1.27	Maximum zero-phase-sequence voltmeter		
II.12.1.28	Zero-phase-sequence ammeter		
II.12.1.29	Maximum zero-phase-sequence ammeter		
II.12.1.30	Flow meter	 (IEC)	
II.12.1.31	Oscilloscope	 08-02-10	
II.12.1.32	Wavemeter	 08-02-09	
II.12.1.33	Differential voltmeter	 08-02-11	