# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 29621

First edition 2010-06-01

Corrected version 2011-06-15

# Cosmetics — Microbiology — Guidelines for the risk assessment and identification of microbiologically low-risk products

Cosmétiques — Microbiologie — Lignes directrices pour l'appréciation du risque et l'identification de produits à faible risque microbiologique



### PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.



## **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

### © ISO 2010

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Con	ntents	Page
	word	
Introd	ductionduction	v
1	Scope	
2	Terms and definitions	1
3 3.1	Risk assessment factors	2
3.2	Composition of the product	2
3.2.1 3.2.2		2
3.2.3 3.2.4	F	
3.2.5 3.3	Raw materials that can create a hostile environment  Production conditions	4 5
3.4 3.5	PackagingCombined factors	5
4	Identified low-risk products	6
Biblio	naranhy	7

# **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 29621 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 217, Cosmetics.

This corrected version of ISO 29621:2010 incorporates the following corrections:

- in the last sentence of the first paragraph and the first sentence of the third paragraph of 3.2.3, the word intercellular has been replaced by intracellular;
- the first and second sentences of the fifth paragraph of 3.2.3 have been corrected so that the pH values are the same as in Table 2;
- in the third paragraph of 3.2.4, > has been replaced by  $\ge$ .