

Third edition  
2019-01

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**Road vehicles — Component test  
methods for electrical disturbances  
from narrowband radiated  
electromagnetic energy —**

**Part 2:  
Absorber-lined shielded enclosure**

*Véhicules routiers — Méthodes d'essai d'un équipement soumis  
à des perturbations électriques par rayonnement d'énergie  
électromagnétique en bande étroite —*

*Partie 2: Chambre anéchoïque*

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 32, *Electric and electronic equipment*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 11452-2:2004), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- a) introduction of reference to additional artificial networks (HV-AN, AMN, AAN) for DUT powered by a shielded power system;
- b) precisions for ground plane dimensions;
- c) suppression of the minimum distance requirement between rear of horn antenna and absorbers;
- d) addition of test set-up descriptions and Figures for DUT powered by a shielded power system;
- e) suppression of [Annex A](#) relative to artificial networks which are now defined in ISO 11452-1; and
- f) update of previous Annex C to be in line with new functional performance status classification (FPSC) format.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

## Introduction

Immunity measurements of complete vehicles are generally able to be carried out only by the vehicle manufacturer, owing to, for example, high costs of an absorber-lined shielded enclosure (ALSE), the desire to preserve the secrecy of prototypes or a large number of different vehicles models.

For research, development and quality control, a laboratory measuring method can be used by both vehicle manufacturers and equipment suppliers to test electronic components.

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