

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Live working – Hand tools for use up to 1 000 V a.c. and 1 500 V d.c.

Travaux sous tension – Outils à main pour usage jusqu'à 1 000 V en courant alternatif et 1 500 V en courant continu



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IEC Central Office
3, rue de Varembé
CH-1211 Geneva 20
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11
Fax: +41 22 919 03 00
info@iec.ch
www.iec.ch

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HAND TOOLS FOR USE UP
TO 1 000 V AC AND 1 500 V DC****FOREWORD**

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International Standard IEC 60900 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 78: Live working.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition, published in 2004. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

It includes the following significant technical changes with regard to the previous edition:

- general review of the requirements and test provisions;
- preparation of the elements of evaluation of defects, and general application of IEC 61318:2007 (Ed.3);
- deletion of Annexes D and E, not applicable according to IEC 61318 Ed.3;
- introduction of a new normative Annex D on chronology of type tests;
- introduction of a new normative Annex F on classification of defects.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
78/947/FDIS	78/953/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

This International Standard has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of IEC 61477 where applicable.

The product covered by this standard may have an impact on the environment during some or all stages of its life cycle. These impacts can range from slight to significant, be of short-term or long-term, and occur at the global, regional or local level.

This standard does not include requirements and test provisions for the manufacturers of the product, or recommendations to the users of the product for environmental improvement. However, all parties intervening in its design, manufacture, packaging, distribution, use, maintenance, repair, reuse, recovery and disposal are invited to take account of environmental considerations.

LIVE WORKING – HAND TOOLS FOR USE UP TO 1 000 V AC AND 1 500 V DC

1 Scope

This International Standard is applicable to insulated and insulating hand tools used for working live or close to live parts at nominal voltages up to 1 000 V a.c. and 1 500 V d.c.

The products designed and manufactured according to this standard contribute to the safety of the users provided they are used by skilled persons, in accordance with safe methods of work and the instructions for use (where appropriate).

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60060-1, *High-voltage test techniques – Part 1: General definitions and test requirements*

IEC 60212, *Standard conditions for use prior to and during the testing of solid electrical insulating materials*

IEC 60417, *Graphical symbols for use on equipment*

IEC 61318, *Live working – Conformity assessment applicable to tools, devices and equipment*

IEC 61477, *Live working – Minimum requirements for the utilization of tools, devices and equipment*

ISO 1174-1, *Assembly tools for screw and nuts – Driving squares – Part 1: Driving squares for hand socket tools*

ISO 9654, *Pliers and nippers for electronics – Single-purpose nippers – Cutting nippers*

ISO 9655, *Pliers and nippers for electronics – Single-purpose pliers – Pliers for gripping and manipulating*

ISO 9656, *Pliers and nippers for electronics – Test methods*

ISO 9657, *Pliers and nippers for electronics – General technical requirements*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 61318 and the following apply.

NOTE For the definitions of general terms in this document, reference should be made to the IEC 60050 series or to special definitions laid down in IEC 60743. Nomenclature of hand tools are found in the relevant ISO standards such as ISO 1703, ISO 5742 and ISO 8979.

3.1

hand tool (for live working)

hand held insulated or insulating tool

Note 1 to entry: Hand tools are normally tools such as screwdrivers, pliers, wrenches or knives.

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-651:1999, 651-01-27, modified – The scope of the definition has been enlarged.]

3.2

insulated hand tool

hand tool made of conductive materials, fully or partially covered by insulating materials

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-651:1999, 651-01-25, modified – The definition has been changed to refer specifically to hand tools.]

3.3

insulating hand tool

hand tool made totally or essentially from insulating materials except for inserts made from conductive materials used for reinforcement, but with no exposed conductive parts

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-651:1999, 651-01-26, modified - The definition has been changed to refer specifically to hand tools and its scope has been narrowed.]

4 Requirements

4.1 General requirements

4.1.1 Safety

Insulated and insulating hand tools shall be manufactured and dimensioned in such a way that they protect the user from electric shock.

NOTE Insulated hand tools completely covered by insulating materials and insulating tools minimize the risk of short circuits between two parts at different potentials when they are used in the correct manner.

The following requirements have been prepared in order that the hand tools covered by this standard are designed and manufactured to contribute to the safety of the users, provided they are used by persons skilled for live working, in accordance with safe methods of work and the instructions for use (where appropriate).

4.1.2 Performance under load

The mechanical specifications for insulated hand tools shall comply with the corresponding ISO standards, or, where no ISO standard exists, with a standard specified by the manufacturer or the customer, (for example a national standard). The mechanical specifications for the working parts of the hand tools shall be retained even after application of an insulating layer.

Insulating hand tools specially designed for live working may have lower stress resistance than insulated hand tools, but they shall withstand the expected workloads without failing due to remaining deformation or breaking. These hand tools can be equipped with devices that limit the workloads that can be applied with them, for example by overload slipping clutches (see also Annex A).