

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Health software and health IT systems safety, effectiveness and security –
Part 5-1: Security – Activities in the product life cycle**

**Logiciels de santé et sécurité, efficacité et sûreté des systèmes TI de santé –
Partie 5-1: Sûreté – Activités du cycle de vie du produit**



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**HEALTH SOFTWARE AND HEALTH IT SYSTEMS SAFETY,
EFFECTIVENESS AND SECURITY –****Part 5-1: Security –
Activities in the product life cycle**

FOREWORD

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It is published as a double logo standard.

The text of this document is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
62A/1458/FDIS	62A/1466/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

In this document, the following print types are used:

- requirements and definitions: roman type;
- informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type. Normative text of tables is also in a smaller type;
- TERMS DEFINED IN CLAUSE 3 OF THE GENERAL STANDARD, IN THIS PARTICULAR STANDARD OR AS NOTED: SMALL CAPITALS.

A list of all parts in the IEC 81001 series, published under the general title *Health software and health IT systems safety, effectiveness and security*, can be found on the IEC website.

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- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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INTRODUCTION

0.1 Structure

PROCESS standards for HEALTH SOFTWARE provide a specification of ACTIVITIES that will be performed by the MANUFACTURER – including software incorporated in medical devices – as a part of a development LIFE CYCLE. The normative clauses of this document are intended to provide minimum best practices for a secure software LIFE CYCLE. Local legislation and regulation are considered.

PROCESS requirements (Clause 4 through Clause 9) have been derived from the IEC 62443-4-1[11]¹ PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE management. Implementations of these specifications can extend existing PROCESSES at the MANUFACTURER's organization – notably existing PROCESSES conforming to IEC 62304[8]. This document can therefore support conformance to IEC 62443-4-1[11].

Normative clauses of this document specify ACTIVITIES that are the responsibility of the MANUFACTURER. The HEALTH SOFTWARE LIFE CYCLE can be part of an incorporating PRODUCT project. Some ACTIVITIES specified in this document depend on input and support from the PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE (for example to define specific criteria). Examples include:

- RISK MANAGEMENT;
- requirements;
- testing;
- post-release (after first placing HEALTH SOFTWARE on the market).

In cases where ACTIVITIES for HEALTH SOFTWARE need support from PROCESSES at the PRODUCT level, Clause 4 through Clause 9 of this document specify respective requirements beyond the HEALTH SOFTWARE LIFE CYCLE.

Similar to IEC 62304[8], this document does not prescribe a specific system of PROCESSES, but Clause 4 through Clause 9 of this document specify ACTIVITIES that are performed during the HEALTH SOFTWARE LIFE CYCLE.

Clause 4 specifies that MANUFACTURERS develop and maintain HEALTH SOFTWARE within a quality management system (see 4.1) and a RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (4.2).

Clause 5 through Clause 8 specify ACTIVITIES and resulting output as part of the software LIFE CYCLE PROCESS implemented by the MANUFACTURER. These specifications are arranged in the ordering of IEC 62304[8].

Clause 9 specifies ACTIVITIES and resulting output as part of the problem resolution PROCESS implemented by the MANUFACTURER.

The scope of this document is limited to HEALTH SOFTWARE and its connectivity to its INTENDED ENVIRONMENT OF USE, based on IEC 62304[8], but with emphasis on CYBERSECURITY.

For expression of provisions in this document,

- “can” is used to describe a possibility or capability; and
- “must” is used to express an external constraint.

¹ Numbers in square brackets refer to the Bibliography.

NOTE HEALTH SOFTWARE can be placed on the market as software, as part of a medical device, as part of hardware specifically intended for health use, as a medical device (SaMD), or as a PRODUCT for other health use. (See Figure 2).

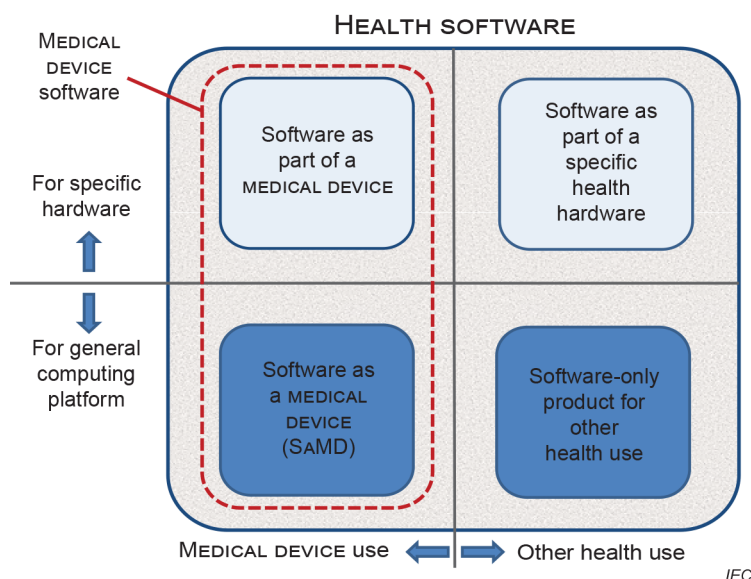
0.2 Field of application

This document applies to the development and maintenance of HEALTH SOFTWARE by a MANUFACTURER, but recognizes the critical importance of bi-lateral communication with organizations (e.g. HEALTHCARE DELIVERY ORGANIZATIONS, HDOs) who have SECURITY responsibilities for the HEALTH SOFTWARE and the systems it is incorporated into, once the software has been developed and released. The ISO/IEC 81001-5 series of standards (for which this is part -1), is therefore being designed to include future parts addressing SECURITY that apply to the implementation, operations and use phases of the LIFE CYCLE for organizations such as HDOs.

A medical device software is a subset of HEALTH SOFTWARE. A practical Venn diagram of HEALTH SOFTWARE types is shown in Figure 1. Therefore, this document applies to:

- software as part of a medical device;
- software as part of hardware specifically intended for health use;
- software as a medical device (SaMD); and
- software-only PRODUCT for other health use.

NOTE In this document, the scope of software considered part of the LIFE CYCLE ACTIVITIES for secure HEALTH SOFTWARE is larger and includes more software (drivers, platforms, operating systems) than for SAFETY, because for SECURITY the focus will be on any use including foreseeable unauthorized access rather than just the INTENDED USE.



[SOURCE: IEC 82304-1[18]]

Figure 1 – HEALTH SOFTWARE field of application

0.3 Conformance

Conformance with this document focuses on the implementation of requirements regarding PROCESSES, ACTIVITIES, and TASKS – and can be claimed in one of two alternative ways:

- for HEALTH SOFTWARE by implementing requirements in Clause 4 through Clause 9 of this document,
- for TRANSITIONAL HEALTH SOFTWARE by only implementing the PROCESSES, ACTIVITIES, and TASKS identified in Annex F.

This document is designed to assist in the implementation of the PROCESSES required by IEC 62443-4-1, however, conformance to this document is not necessarily a sufficient condition for conformance to IEC 62443-4-1[11]. More guidance on coverage can be found in Annex D.

MANUFACTURERS can implement the specifications for Annex E in order to achieve conformance of documentation to IEC 62443-4-1[11].

Clause 4 through Clause 9 of this document require establishing one or more PROCESSES that include identified ACTIVITIES. Per these normative parts of this document, the LIFE CYCLE PROCESSES implement these ACTIVITIES. None of the requirements in this document requires to implement these ACTIVITIES as one single PROCESS or as separate PROCESSES. The ACTIVITIES specified in this document will typically be part of an existing LIFE CYCLE PROCESS.