## PD IEC/TR 62366-2:2016



# **BSI Standards Publication**

# **Medical devices**

Part 2: Guidance on the application of usability engineering to medical devices



## **National foreword**

This Published Document is the UK implementation of IEC/TR 62366-2:2016. Together with BS EN 62366-1:2015, it supersedes BS EN 62366:2008+A1:2015 which will be withdrawn on 31 March 2018.

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A list of organizations represented on this subcommittee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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# TECHNICAL REPORT



Medical devices -

Part 2: Guidance on the application of usability engineering to medical devices

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## **MEDICAL DEVICES -**

# Part 2: Guidance on the application of usability engineering to medical devices

## **FOREWORD**

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IEC 62366-2, which is a technical report, has been prepared by a joint working group of subcommittee 62A: Common aspects of electrical equipment used in medical practice, of IEC technical committee 62: Electrical equipment in medical practice, and technical committee ISO/TC 210: Quality management and corresponding general aspects for medical devices.

It is published as a double logo standard.

The text of this technical report is based on the following documents:

Enquiry draft	Report on voting
62A/1015/DTR	62A/1040A/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this technical report can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table. In ISO, the standard has been approved by 23 P-members out of 36 having cast a vote.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this Technical Report, the following print types are used.

- Guidance for the implementation of a USABILITY ENGINEERING (HUMAN FACTORS ENGINEERING) PROCESS required by IEC 62366-1:2015 and definitions): roman type.
- Additional information about USABILITY ENGINEERING best practices: italic type.
- Informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type.
   Text of tables is also in a smaller type.
- TERMS DEFINED IN CLAUSE 3 OR AS NOTED: SMALL CAPITALS.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62366, published under the general title *Medical devices*, can be found on the IEC website.

This technical report is to be read in conjunction with IEC 62366-1:2015.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

## INTRODUCTION

This technical report provides MEDICAL DEVICE MANUFACTURERS with guidance on how to integrate USABILITY ENGINEERING (also called HUMAN FACTORS ENGINEERING) principles and USER INTERFACE design practices into their overall MEDICAL DEVICE development PROCESSES. The technical report recognizes that all MEDICAL DEVICES involving human interaction present opportunities for optimization through the application of USABILITY ENGINEERING and seeks to guide the MEDICAL DEVICE MANUFACTURERS efforts.

This report concerns the quality of USER interactions with MEDICAL DEVICES that are as varied as acquiring information on a display, pressing a physical button or on-screen touch target button, selecting items on a software menu, attaching ACCESSORIES to a MEDICAL DEVICE and interpreting warnings as well as understanding relevant aspects for the proper use of the MEDICAL DEVICE by reading the ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTATION. USABILITY ENGINEERING programs, if properly implemented, can increase the likelihood that USERS are able to perform such actions correctly and without hindrance.

Medical practice is increasingly using MEDICAL DEVICES for observation and treatment of PATIENTS. USE ERRORS caused by inadequate MEDICAL DEVICE USABILITY have become an increasing cause for concern. Many of the MEDICAL DEVICES developed without applying a USABILITY ENGINEERING PROCESS are non-intuitive, difficult to learn and difficult to use. In addition, MEDICAL DEVICES developed without applying USABILITY ENGINEERING or developed with incomplete or inadequate application of USABILITY ENGINEERING can include design shortcomings that can lead to USE ERRORS, particularly with varied USERS and USE ENVIRONMENTS, which can lead to HARM.

As healthcare evolves, less skilled USERS including PATIENTS themselves are now using MEDICAL DEVICES and MEDICAL DEVICES are becoming more complicated. While MEDICAL DEVICES become increasingly sophisticated, they can be more likely to induce USE ERRORS. If not properly designed or safeguarded, MEDICAL DEVICES could contribute to HAZARDOUS SITUATIONS and can be a source of HARM. An appropriate-tailored investment in USABILITY ENGINEERING ensures that MEDICAL DEVICES will have acceptable RISK and USABILITY and that design shortcomings are identified and removed from the USER INTERFACE. Accordingly, this technical report emphasizes the importance of designing for USABILITY, with an emphasis placed on ensuring SAFETY.

Ascribing to this report helps Manufacturers respond effectively to regulatory expectations that call for the application of USABILITY ENGINEERING during the MEDICAL DEVICE development PROCESS. It also helps Manufacturers produce Medical Devices that have well designed USER INTERFACES that satisfy USERS. As such, it can propel a Manufacturer beyond a common sense approach to USER INTERFACE design to an approach that fully embraces USABILITY ENGINEERING as an essential step toward design excellence. Other beneficiaries of this document's guidance include authorities having jurisdiction (AHJ) and MEDICAL DEVICE consumers who share a common interest in safe and effective MEDICAL DEVICES.

The guidance provided in this report applies to all MEDICAL DEVICES, including those used by laypersons and/or healthcare professionals; MEDICAL DEVICES that perform just one function and those that perform many functions; USER INTERFACES in the form of hardware, software, documentation, and packaging; MEDICAL DEVICES that fit in a pocket, sit on a table, ride on a cart, or fill a room; and MEDICAL DEVICES that require no prior operational knowledge or call for training before use. Accordingly, it applies to a pen injector, glucose meter, infusion pump, PATIENT monitor, anaesthesia workstation, and radiation therapy system, just to name a few MEDICAL DEVICES.