



BSI Standards Publication

**Geometrical product
specifications (GPS) —
Geometrical tolerancing —
Tolerances of form, orientation,
location and run-out (ISO
1101:2017)**

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 1101:2017. It supersedes BS EN ISO 1101:2013 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee TDW/4, Technical Product Realization.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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English Version

Geometrical product specifications (GPS) - Geometrical
tolerancing - Tolerances of form, orientation, location and
run-out (ISO 1101:2017)

Spécification géométrique des produits (GPS) -
Tolérancement géométrique - Tolérancement de
forme, orientation, position et battement (ISO
1101:2017)

Geometrische Produktspezifikation (GPS) -
Geometrische Tolerierung - Tolerierung von Form,
Richtung, Ort und Lauf (ISO 1101:2017)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 14 December 2016.

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 1101-1:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 213 “Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verification” in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 290 “Dimensional and geometrical product specification and verification” the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2017 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2017.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 1101:2017 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 1101:2017 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 213, *Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verifications*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 1101:2012), which has been technically revised.

It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 1101:2012/Cor.1:2013.

The main changes are as follows.

- Tools have been added to specify the filtering of the toleranced feature and a line type has been designated for its illustration.
- Tools have been added to tolerance associated features.
- Tools have been added to specify form characteristics by specifying the reference feature association and the specified parameter.
- Tools have been added to specify the constraints to the tolerance zone.
- The rules for specifications using “all around” or “all over” modifiers have been clarified.
- The direction of the tolerance zone in the case of roundness tolerances for revolute surfaces that are neither cylindrical nor spherical, e.g. cones shall now always be indicated to avoid an exception to the general rule that specifications for integral features apply perpendicular to the surface.
- The “from-to” symbol has been retired and replaced by the “between” symbol.

Introduction

This document is a geometrical product specification (GPS) standard and is to be regarded as a general GPS standard (see ISO 14638). It influences chain links A, B and C of the chain of standards on form, orientation, location and run out.

The ISO GPS Masterplan given in ISO 14638 gives an overview of the ISO GPS system of which this document is a part. The fundamental rules of ISO GPS given in ISO 8015 apply to this document. The default decision rules given in ISO 14253-1 apply to specifications made in accordance with this document, unless otherwise stated.

For more detailed information on the relation of this document to the GPS matrix model, see [Annex G](#).

This document represents the initial basis and describes the required fundamentals for geometrical tolerancing. Nevertheless, it is advisable to consult the separate standards referenced in [Clause 2](#) and in [Tables 3](#) and [4](#) for more detailed information.

For the presentation of lettering (proportions and dimensions), see ISO 3098-2.

All figures in this document for the 2D drawing indications have been drawn in first-angle projection with dimensions and tolerances in millimetres. It should be understood that third-angle projection and other units of measurement could have been used equally well without prejudice to the principles established. For all figures giving specification examples in 3D, the dimensions and tolerances are the same as for the similar figures shown in 2D.

The figures in this document represent either 2D drawing views or 3D axonometric views on 2D drawings and are intended to illustrate how a specification can be fully indicated with visible annotation. For possibilities of illustrating a specification where elements of the specification may be available through a query function or other interrogation of information on the 3D CAD model and rules for attaching specifications to 3D CAD models, see ISO 16792.

The figures in this document illustrate the text and are not intended to reflect an actual application. Consequently, the figures are not fully dimensioned and specified, showing only the relevant general principles. Neither are the figures intended to imply a particular display requirement in terms of whether hidden detail, tangent lines or other annotations are shown or not shown. Many figures have lines or details removed for clarity, or added or extended to assist with the illustration of the text. See [Table 1](#) for the line types used in definition figures.

In order for a GPS specification to be unambiguous, the partition defining the boundary of the toleranced feature, as well as the filtering, has to be well defined. Currently, the detailed rules for partitioning and the default for filtering are not defined in GPS standards.

For a definitive presentation (proportions and dimensions) of the symbolization for geometrical tolerancing, see ISO 7083 and [Annex F](#).

[Annex A](#) has been provided for information only. It presents previous drawing indications that have been omitted here and are no longer used.

For the purposes of this document, the terms “axis” and “median plane” are used for derived features of perfect form, and the terms “median line” and “median surface” for derived features of imperfect form. Furthermore, the following line types have been used in the explanatory illustrations, i.e. those representing non-technical drawings for which the rules of ISO 128 (all parts) apply.

Table 1

Feature level	Feature type	Details	Line type	
			Visible	Behind plane/surface
Nominal feature	integral feature	point line/axis surface/plane	wide continuous	narrow dashed
	derived feature	point line/axis surface/plane	narrow long dashed dotted	narrow dashed dotted
Real feature	integral feature	surface	wide freehand con- tinuous	narrow freehand dashed
Extracted feature	integral feature	point line surface	wide short dashed	narrow short dashed
	derived feature	point line surface	wide dotted	narrow dotted
Filtered feature	integral feature	line surface	continuous narrow	continuous narrow
Associated feature	integral feature	point straight line plane	wide doubled-dashed double-dotted	narrow dou- ble-dashed dou- ble-dotted
	derived feature	point straight line (axis) plane	narrow long dashed double-dotted	wide dashed double-dotted
	datum	point line/axis surface/plane	wide long dashed double-short dashed	narrow long dashed double-short dashed
Tolerance zone limits, tolerance planes		line surface	continuous narrow	narrow dashed
Section, illustration plane, drawing plane, aid plane		line surface	narrow long dashed short dashed	narrow dashed short dashed
Extension, dimension, leader and reference lines		line	continuous narrow	narrow dashed

Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Tolerances of form, orientation, location and run-out

IMPORTANT — The illustrations included in this document are intended to illustrate the text and/or to provide examples of the related technical drawing specification; these illustrations are not fully dimensioned and toleranced, showing only the relevant general principles. In particular, many illustrations do not contain filter specifications. As a consequence, the illustrations are not a representation of a complete workpiece, and are not of a quality that is required for use in industry (in terms of full conformity with the standards prepared by ISO/TC 10 and ISO/TC 213), and as such are not suitable for projection for teaching purposes.

1 Scope

This document defines the symbol language for geometrical specification of workpieces and the rules for its interpretation.

It provides the foundation for geometrical specification.

The illustrations in this document are intended to illustrate how a specification can be fully indicated with visible annotation (including e.g. TEDs).

NOTE 1 Other International Standards referenced in [Clause 2](#) and in [Tables 3](#) and [4](#) provide more detailed information on geometrical tolerancing.

NOTE 2 This document gives rules for explicit and direct indications of geometrical specifications. Alternatively, the same specifications can be indicated indirectly in accordance with ISO 16792 by attaching them to a 3D CAD model. In this case, it is possible that some elements of the specification are available through a query function or other interrogation of information on the model instead of being indicated using visible annotation.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 128-24:1999, *Technical drawings — General principles of presentation — Part 24: Lines on mechanical engineering drawings*

ISO 1660, *Technical drawings — Dimensioning and tolerancing of profiles*

ISO 2692:2014, *Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Maximum material requirement (MMR), least material requirement (LMR) and reciprocity requirement (RPR)*

ISO 5458, *Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Positional tolerancing*

ISO 5459, *Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Datums and datum systems*

ISO 8015:2011, *Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Fundamentals — Concepts, principles and rules*

ISO 10579:2010, *Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Dimensioning and tolerancing — Non-rigid parts*

ISO 13715, *Technical drawings — Edges of undefined shape — Vocabulary and indications*