Incorporating Amendment No. 1

General methods of test for pigments and extenders —

Part 11: Determination of tamped volume and apparent density after tamping

The European Standard EN ISO 787-11:1995 has the status of a British Standard

BSi

This British Standard, having been prepared under the direction of the Pigments, Paints and Varnishes Standards Committee, was published under the authority of the Board of BSI and comes into effect on 30 November 1982

$\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ BSI 03-2000

First published March 1974 First revision November 1982

The following BSI references relate to the work on this standard: Committee reference PVC/1 Draft for comment 80/50595 DC

ISBN 0 580 12939 X

Amendments issued since publication

Amd. No.	Date of issue	Comments
8685	December 1995	Indicated by a sideline in the margin

This is a preview. Click here to purchase the full publication.

Contents

		Page
Na	tional foreword	ii
Foreword		2
0	Introduction	3
1	Scope and field of application	3
2	References	3
3	Apparatus	3
4	Sampling	3
5	Procedure	3
6	Expression of results	4
7	Test report	4
Fig	gure — Tamping volumeter	4
Pu	blications referred to	Inside back cover

National foreword

This revision of Part B10 of BS 3483 has been prepared under the direction of the Pigments, Paints and Varnishes Standards Committee. It is identical with ISO 787-11 "General methods of test for pigments and extenders — Part 11: Determination of tamped volume and apparent density after tamping" published in 1981 by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

In 1995 the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) accepted ISO 787-11:1981 as European Standard EN ISO 787-11:1995. As a consequence of implementing the European Standard this British Standard is renumbered as BS EN ISO 787-11 and any reference to BS 3483-B10 should be read as a reference to BS EN ISO 787-11.

This Part of BS 3483 supersedes BS 3483-B10:1974 which is withdrawn.

Terminology and conventions. The text of the International Standard has been approved as suitable for publication as a British Standard without deviation. Some terminology and certain conventions are not identical with those used in British Standards; attention is especially drawn to the following.

The comma has been used throughout as a decimal marker. In British Standards it is current practice to use a full point on the baseline as the decimal marker.

Wherever the words "This part of ISO 787" and "International Standard" appear, referring to this standard, they should be read as "This Part of BS 3483" and "British Standard" respectively.

Cross-references

International Standard	Corresponding British Standard
ISO 842:1974	BS 4726:1971 Methods for sampling raw materials for
	paints and varnishes
	(Technically equivalent)
ISO 4788:1980	BS 604:1982 Specification for graduated glass measuring cylinders
	(Identical)

The Technical Committee has reviewed the provisions of ISO 565, to which reference is made in the text and has decided that they are acceptable for use in conjunction with this standard.

A related British Standard for ISO 565:1972 is BS 410:1976 "Specification for test sieves".

Additional information. In the last paragraph of **5.2** of ISO 787-11:1981, it is stated that the whole procedure (clause **5**) is to be repeated if the duplicate determinations differ by more than 10 ml. In implementing this standard in the United Kingdom, it is recommended that, if repeat determinations are necessary, wherever possible both the sampling (clause **4**) and the procedure (clause **5**) should be repeated. ¹⁾

A British Standard does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users of British Standards are responsible for their correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard does not of itself confer immunity from legal obligations.

Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, pages i and ii, the EN ISO title page, pages 2 to 4, an inside back cover and a back cover.

This standard has been updated (see copyright date) and may have had amendments incorporated. This will be indicated in the amendment table on the inside front cover.

¹⁾ This change has been reported to the ISO in a proposal to amend the text of the International Standard.